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## **The Unchanging Truth of God? Crucial Philosophical Issues for Theology -**

Thomas G. Guarino 2022-02-18

It has long been a cornerstone of Catholic belief that Christians can be intelligent and creative thinkers—inquisitive seekers after truth—as well as men and women of ardent faith. Catholics are entirely committed, then, to the claim that human rationality and religious faith are complementary realities since they are equally gifts of God. But understanding precisely how faith and reason cohere has not always been a smooth path. At times, theology has allowed philosophy to become the leading (and baleful) partner in the faith-reason relationship, thereby lapsing into rationalism or relativism. At other times, theology has been tempted by fideism, with philosophy now regarded as little more than a pernicious intruder corrupting Christian faith, life and thought. The essays in this volume display how Catholicism understands the proper confluence between philosophy and theology, between human rationality and Christian faith, between the natural order and supernatural grace. To illustrate

these points, the book draws on a long line of Christian thinkers: Origen, Augustine, Anselm, Aquinas and, in our own day, Fides et Ratio of John Paul II and the Regensburg Address of Benedict XVI. How is theology always a “Jewgreek” enterprise—to borrow a term from Jacques Derrida—always a combination of the biblical (Hebraic) and philosophical (Hellenic) traditions? Why is one particular element of philosophy, metaphysics, essential for the intelligibility and clarity of Catholic theology? Why is this so much the case that John Paul II could state emphatically: “a philosophy which shuns metaphysics would be radically unsuited to the task of mediation in the understanding of Revelation”? But theology cannot simply be about dialogue with philosophers of yesteryear. Theology must constantly incorporate fresh thinking and remain in lively conversation with an extensive variety of contemporary perspectives. This book displays how reciprocity and absorption has been characteristic of theology’s past and must represent its future as well. Ragione filosofica e fede religiosa -

Dario Antiseri

2011-07-07T00:00:00+02:00

Quale etica e quale bioetica nell'era post-metafisica e dopo la dissoluzione delle grandi ideologie politiche del '900? Quale lo spazio della razionalità filosofica e quale quello della fede cristiana? In che modo comportarsi di fronte a questioni come l'aborto e l'eutanasia? A questi e ad altri interrogativi cercano di rispondere Dario Antiseri e Gianni Vattimo, in un incontro-scontro che parte dal presupposto condiviso di una razionalità non-fondazionista, e quindi consapevole della propria fallibilità. Se per Vattimo ciò conduce ad un'etica della *caritas* depurata da "incrostazioni" ormai insostenibili, per Antiseri la fine delle pretese pseudo-razionali dei "grandi racconti" rappresenta, ai nostri giorni, il *praeambulum fidei* più consistente e maggiormente persuasivo.

**O livro do sentido - Vol II** - Clodovis Boff 2021-12-01

No volume I de nossa trilogia, fizemos a análise e a crítica da problemática atual do sentido. Foi uma parte prevalentemente negativa. Com este volume, entramos na parte mais positiva: onde está efetivamente o sentido. Se o primeiro volume se quis sobretudo analítico, o presente terá um forte teor especulativo, um talho fortemente reflexivo ou filosofante. É que a questão do sentido, por ser existencialmente determinante e tocar todas as dimensões da vida, pede um pensar fundamental e globalizante. Ora, um pensar assim só pode ser um pensar originário, como se quer toda boa filosofia. Pois como pensar o fim (telos), que confere sentido, sem pensar o princípio (arché), que dá base ao sentido? Como resolver a questão do princípio e do fim sem levantar a questão do transcendente,

de que Deus é uma das figuras decisivas? Mas pensar Deus é fazer teologia, na acepção simples e mesmo etimológica de "discurso sobre Deus". Portanto, o estatuto epistemológico de nosso trabalho é de tipo filosófico-teológico. É, grosso modo, filosófico como questão e teológico como resposta. E é teológico também por tratar inclusive do Deus da fé ou da revelação. Se quisermos, porém, situar nossa obra no quadro geral das disciplinas teológicas, seu lugar mais adequado seria o da "teologia fundamental", pois, como consta dessa disciplina, nosso trabalho parte da problemática humana da busca de sentido, dissolve criticamente os falsos caminhos propostos e desenvolve teoricamente as aberturas racionais à proposta da fé.

**Benedetta differenza** - Daniela Turco 2017-03-03T00:00:00+01:00 1571.17

**Paolo e i filosofi** - Tiziano Tosolini 2020-03-27T13:26:00+01:00

Il primo incontro di Paolo con i filosofi risale al tempo in cui l'apostolo si trova ad Atene. Incuriositi dai suoi strani discorsi, alcuni epicurei e stoici lo invitano a parlare davanti all'Areòpago, ma quando lo sentono argomentare sulla risurrezione dei morti lo deridono e lasciano la platea. Due millenni più tardi, l'attualità delle lettere paoline riecheggia nella riflessione filosofica che si confronta con la nascita del cristianesimo. Questo volume – che colma un vuoto nella saggistica sul tema - prende in esame le riflessioni di Heidegger, Badiou, Žižek, Taubes, Agamben, Foucault, Vattimo e Derrida.

**Sobre Dios, la Iglesia y el mundo** - Fernando Ocariz Braña 2013-06-03  
En los años sesenta, década de las revueltas estudiantiles y del Concilio Vaticano II, se inició una rápida transformación social y religiosa. Percibimos todavía ese

período de crisis y ese tránsito a la posmodernidad. Mons. Fernando Ocáriz aporta pistas para comprender mejor nuestra época, la acción de Dios y la realidad del hombre. Habla sobre la teología, la vida de la Iglesia, el Opus Dei, la sociedad, las actuales corrientes ideológicas, y también sobre la faceta más humana de Joseph Ratzinger, con quien trabajó muy estrechamente y al que considera un renovador de la teología.

*Literature, Religion and the Sacred* - Dino S. Cervigni 2007

*Buenas razones para la vida en común* - Angelo Scola 2013-03-01

Ha pasado más de una década desde el 11 de septiembre de 2001. Más del doble nos separa ya de la caída del muro de Berlín, mientras que desde finales del 2008 estamos inmersos en una crisis económica y financiera cuyo desenlace todavía es incierto. Cada uno de estos acontecimientos ha tenido la fuerza de un comienzo, metiéndonos en situaciones inéditas en las que todavía nos cuesta orientarnos. Con el final de la modernidad se ha ido configurado una sociedad cada vez más globalizada, un «mestizaje de civilizaciones y culturas», en el que cuesta encontrar puntos de referencia absolutos, ideológicos y religiosos. Si en el siglo XX hemos asistido a una contienda sobre el humanum (expresión de Juan Pablo II) en la que el objeto de discusión era todavía identificable, hoy nos encontramos, por el contrario, frente a un fuerte extravío a la hora de comprender quién es el hombre en sí mismo. Esta pregunta sirve de punto de partida para una breve pero intensa reflexión sobre el papel de las religiones en la sociedad actual, sobre todo en relación con la política y la economía. El cristianismo, en un diálogo fecundo con las demás religiones, está llamado a ser

protagonista determinante en la construcción de una sociedad plural en la que las diferencias no sean factor de disgregación sino que contribuyan a la «vida buena en la 'ciudad común'».

**Las travesuras del duendecillo verde** - 2004

The Palgrave Handbook of Mimetic Theory and Religion - James Alison 2017-10-19

The Palgrave Handbook of Mimetic Theory and Religion draws on the expertise of leading scholars and thinkers to explore the violent origins of culture, the meaning of ritual, and the conjunction of theology and anthropology, as well as secularization, science, and terrorism. Authors assess the contributions of René Girard's mimetic theory to our understanding of sacrifice, ancient tragedy, and post-modernity, and apply its insights to religious cinema and the global economy. This handbook serves as introduction and guide to a theory of religion and human behavior that has established itself as fertile terrain for scholarly research and intellectual reflection.

**Reduciendo la violencia: la hermenéutica nihilista de Gianni Vattimo** -

A pesar de todos los esfuerzos ideológicos que intentan legitimar la idea de que el paradigma vigente es el "mejor de los posibles", son demasiadas las evidencias que por el contrario muestran que la violencia más descarnada está presente en la base de nuestra civilización. Sin embargo, las formas más evidentes y palpables de la misma: conflictos bélicos, desigualdades económicas, empobrecimiento de grandes masas de población, injusticias, corrupción, disputas sociales, destrucción del medio ambiente, etc, esconden otra violencia más sutil que no sólo les

da cobertura sino que las permite y reproduce. Este soporte se localiza en una teoría que define un modo de entender la realidad y de tener acceso a ella que justifica las distintas formas de violencia prácticas, volviéndolas además legítimas y racionalmente aceptables. Por ello, si como es de desear, es obligado enfrentarse a los mecanismos de coerción y control vigentes, la contienda ha de comenzar en su vertiente filosófica, allí donde se anclan y donde se encuentran los fundamentos teóricos que los hacen posibles. El presente libro intenta desmontar la violencia que se esconde tras la Metafísica, la categoría que representa el devenir histórico de la civilización occidental, y lo hace de la mano de una de las figuras más relevantes del panorama filosófico contemporáneo, Gianni Vattimo, quién ha desvelado lúcida e incisivamente los principales elementos teóricos que están detrás de ella, defendiendo asimismo una alternativa que permita si bien no escapar totalmente de la misma, ya que ello sería imposible, sí por lo menos debitarla, como el mismo Vattimo propone en una de sus nociones más conocidas y afortunadas. Brais González Arribas es Doctor en Filosofía y Profesor de Enseñanza Secundaria en el I.E.S Blanco Amor (Ourense). Pertenece al colectivo de pensamiento Proxecto Derriba, donde ha desarrollado una tarea de investigación centrada en la ontología hermenéutica y en el marxismo más heterodoxo. Entre sus principales publicaciones destacan *Outro xeito de Ser. Unha introdución ao pensamento de Gianni Vattimo* (Estaleiro, 2010) y *Postmodernidad*, junto a Teresa Oñate (Batiscafo, 2015).

Deus ineffabilis - Carlos Mendoza Álvarez 2016-10-13

Dios es inefable. Aprender a invocarlo con esperanza, en medio de

los escombros de la sociedad posmoderna, es el objetivo de este libro. En tiempos en que la violencia sistémica recorre la aldea global, la pregunta por la posibilidad de la esperanza se vuelve aún más radical. Este es el tema central de *Deus ineffabilis*, cuyo fondo teológico encuentra interlocuciones con la antropología y la filosofía de la historia en pensadores del mundo occidental, desde Hegel y Benjamin hasta Heidegger, Girard y Agamben. Sin embargo, esta problemática adquiere matices sorprendentes cuando es analizada desde el Sur, con el pensamiento político antisistémico y el decolonialismo que surge de la potencia de los pobres de la tierra. La esperanza es una apuesta vital e intelectual, ética y mística a la vez. Una virtud del fin de los tiempos que vivimos hoy, urgente no solo para los creyentes de cualquier tradición religiosa o sabiduría espiritual, sino para cualquier ser humano que anhela un mañana para todos. La última y universal esperanza de liberación solo es posible cuando la persona se sabe "incondicionalmente amada por esa alteridad inefable a la que llamamos Dios". Aprender a invocarlo con esperanza, en medio de los escombros de la sociedad posmoderna, es el objetivo de este libro.

Les constellations du croire - Hans-Christoph Askani 2009

Croire ou ne pas croire : personne n'échappe aujourd'hui à cette interrogation censée définir l'adhésion au religieux, aux valeurs, aux représentations collectives. Il y a une manière occidentale de croire, traversée par ailleurs de multiples contradictions ; il y en a d'autres, antiques, orientales ou post-modernes. Croire recouvre tout un univers de significations contrastées et cet ouvrage collectif s'attache à définir quelques constellations à

l'intérieur desquelles le terme inscrit ses ambivalences. Chez Thomas d'Aquin ou Luther, dans son articulation aux savoirs, aux croyances, à la transcendance ou à la mort de Dieu, les déclinaisons du "croire" offrent une autre manière de comprendre les croyances, par-delà leurs oppositions ou les tentatives traditionnelles du dialogue interreligieux. Théologiens, philosophes et littéraires offrent ainsi dans ce livre une compréhension originale de nos héritages et des interrogations contemporaines qu'ils suscitent.

**Vattimo and Theology** - Thomas G. Guarino 2009-09-01

Gianni Vattimo, who has long been a prominent postmodern European philosopher, has recently taken a more significant interest in religion. His claim is that postmodern philosophy, with its incisive critique of rationalist, objectifying ways of thinking, can help religion once again find a voice in a largely disinterested Europe and an often fundamentalist America. To accomplish this, Vattimo contends, religion must attend to certain contemporary philosophical themes that, he argues, are ultimately consistent with biblical intentions. To this end, Vattimo employs his theoretical insights on themes such as: the nature of modernity/postmodernity, the importance of "weak" as opposed to "strong" thought, the dissolution of metaphysics; and the end of the authoritarian, moralistic God.

**Verità o fede debole?** - René Girard 2006

**2010** - De Gruyter 2011-06-15

*Between Nihilism and Politics* -

Silvia Benso 2010-09-29

Essays describe Italian philosopher Gianni Vattimo's unique and radical

hermeneutic philosophy.

**René Girard: de la ciencia a la fe** - Ángel Jorge Barahona Plaza 2014-04-10  
¿Por qué un libro sobre René Girard? ¿En qué consiste su relevancia intelectual? ¿Cuáles son sus aportaciones al pensamiento contemporáneo? ¿Qué áreas del conocimiento abarcan sus tesis? ¿Ha dicho algo nuevo sobre el hombre y la cultura que sea digno de ser resaltado? ¿Por qué sus ideas suscitan polémica en las ciencias humanas? ¿Cuál es su relación con el cristianismo? ¿Aporta algo a la teología que no haya sido dicho todavía? ¿Por qué la teología se siente interpelada e incómoda por su teoría? ¿Por qué algunos le llaman el Darwin de la cultura, otros el Hegel del cristianismo? Este libro quiere tratar de responder a algunas de estas preguntas y ofrecer vías para el debate antropológico y teológico contemporáneo.

**La svolta** - Hans Waldenfels

2019-02-22T13:38:00+01:00

Si sente spesso ripetere che papa Francesco non è un teologo, soprattutto se lo si confronta con il suo predecessore. L'accusa è infondata, dal momento che tutto ciò che dice e fa il pontefice è teso in modo evidente ad attualizzare il concilio Vaticano II. Tuttavia, papa Bergoglio non ritiene che i passi necessari per rendere la Chiesa credibile si possano imporre dall'alto; serve, al contrario che i cristiani siano in grado di confrontarsi tra loro evitando le divisioni, l'isolamento e l'autoreferenzialità. Con Francesco è giunto il tempo di prendere posizione, sostiene Waldenfels, che in questo libro tenta di delineare i fondamenti teologici del suo pontificato senza trascurare il vivace dibattito in corso.

**Warum kämpfen wir? Und wie hören wir auf? Imitation und Streit** - René

Girard 2022-10-11

Menschen und Gemeinschaften begehren Objekte nicht um ihrer selbst willen – sondern sie imitieren das Begehren anderer. Durch dieses »mimetische Begehren«, ein Grundkonzept im Denken des Kulturanthropologen und Religionsphilosophen René Girard (1923–2015), entstehen Rivalität und Konflikte. Wie diese zu einem Ende finden, beschreibt Girard mit einem »Sündenbock-Mechanismus«: Die mimetische Vergiftung bewegt sich weg vom Sehnen hin zu einem Opfer, das alle Schuld zu tragen hat – als ob es tatsächlich verantwortlich wäre. Girard gilt als Theoretiker der Stunde: Seine Überlegungen über Konflikte und Ideologien, wie sie das titelgebende Gespräch und sein letzter Essay »Über Krieg und Apokalypse« pointiert zugänglich machen, lassen uns die Entwicklungen der Gegenwart besser verstehen.

**Violencia e institución** - Mario Roberto Solarte Rodríguez 2016-04-18  
La responsabilidad social de las organizaciones usualmente es debatida desde muchos puntos de vista. Parte de los problemas reside en su fundamentación filosófica, que suele hacerse a partir de las teorías del utilitarismo o de las éticas relativas al contrato social. Cuando se recurre a la mirada teológica, se fundamenta desde la doctrina social de la Iglesia. **Violencia e institución.** Aportes técnicos para una ética de la responsabilidad social ofrece una perspectiva novedosa y radical sobre el problema de la responsabilidad social de las instituciones. En el libro se ponen en diálogo a los dos mayores pensadores cristianos de los últimos dos siglos: G. W. F. Hegel y René Girard, para discutir sobre el problema que tienen las organizaciones de asumir su propia violencia, la cual muchas veces resulta invisible desde su

perspectiva. No solo es novedosa la comprensión de la violencia y su nexo con las formas humanas de organización, sino la posibilidad que representa el reclamo que hacen las víctimas por la acción responsable.

**After La Dolce Vita** - Alessia

Ricciardi 2012-07-25

This book chronicles the demise of the supposedly leftist Italian cultural establishment during the long 1980s. During that time, the nation's literary and intellectual vanguard managed to lose the prominence handed it after the end of World War II and the defeat of Fascism. What emerged instead was a uniquely Italian brand of cultural capital that deliberately avoided any critical questioning of the prevailing order. Ricciardi criticizes the development of this new hegemonic arrangement in film, literature, philosophy, and art criticism. She focuses on several turning points: Fellini's futile, late-career critique of Berlusconi-style commercial television, Calvino's late turn to reactionary belletrism, Vattimo's nihilist and conservative responses to French poststructuralism, and Bonito Oliva's movement of art commodification, Transavanguardia.

**Viva Voce** - Silvia Benso 2017-03-30

Firsthand perspectives on the past, present, and future of contemporary Italian philosophy. Through conversations with twenty-three leading Italian philosophers representing a variety of scholarly concerns and methodologies, this volume offers an informal overview of the background, breadth, and distinctiveness of contemporary Italian philosophy as a tradition. The conversations begin with general questions addressing issues of provenance, domestic and foreign influences, and lineages. Next, each scholar discusses the main tenets,

theoretical originality, and timeliness of their work. The interviews conclude with thoughts about what directions each philosopher sees the discipline heading in the future. Every conversation is a testimony to the differences that characterize each thinker as unique and that invigorate the Italian philosophical landscape as a whole. The individual replies differ widely in tone, focus, and style. What emerges is a broad, deep, lively, and even witty picture of the Italian philosophical landscape in the voices of its protagonists. Silvia Benso is Professor of Philosophy at the Rochester Institute of Technology. She is the author, editor, and translator of several books, including *Contemporary Italian Philosophy: Crossing the Borders of Ethics, Politics, and Religion* (coedited with Brian Schroeder) and *The Face of Things: A Different Side of Ethics*, both also published by SUNY Press.

*Volume 13: Kierkegaard's Influence on the Social Sciences* - Jon Stewart  
2016-12-05

Kierkegaard has long been known as a philosopher and theologian, but his contributions to psychology, anthropology and sociology have also made an important impact on these fields. In many of the works of his complex authorship, Kierkegaard presents his intriguing and unique vision of the nature and mental life of human beings individually and collectively. The articles featured in the present volume explore the reception of Kierkegaard's thought in the social sciences. Of these fields Kierkegaard is perhaps best known in psychology, where *The Concept of Anxiety* and *The Sickness unto Death* have been the two most influential texts. With regard to the field of sociology, social criticism, or social theory, Kierkegaard's *Literary*

*Review of Two Ages* has also been regarded as offering valuable insights about some important dynamics of modern society..

**AdI** - 1983

### **The Routledge Companion to Theism** -

Charles Taliaferro 2012-10-02

There are deep and pervasive disagreements today in universities and colleges, and popular culture in general, over the credibility and value of belief in God. This has given rise to an urgent need for a balanced, comprehensive, accessible resource book that can inform the public and scholarly debate over theism. While scholars with as diverse interests as Daniel Dennett, Terry Eagleton, Richard Dawkins, Jürgen Habermas, and Rowan Williams have recently contributed books to this debate, "theism" as a concept remains poorly understood and requires a more thorough and systematic analysis than it has so far received in any single volume. The *Routledge Companion to Theism* addresses this need by investigating theism's history as well as its relationship to inquiry in the sciences, social sciences, and humanities, and to its wider cultural contexts. The contents are not confined within the philosophy of religion or even within the more expansive borders of philosophy. Rather, *The Routledge Companion to Theism* investigates its subject through the lens of a wide variety of disciplines and explores the ramifications of theism considered as a way of life as well as an intellectual conviction. The five parts of the volume indicate its inclusive scope: I. What is Theism?; II. Theism and Inquiry; III. Theism and the Socio-Political Realm; IV. Theism and Culture; V. Theism as a Way of Life. The result is a well ordered and thorough collection that

should provide a wide spectrum of readers with a better understanding of a subject that's much discussed, but frequently misunderstood. As the editors note in their Introduction, while stimulating and informing the contemporary debate, a key aim of the volume is to open new avenues of inquiry into theism and thereby to encourage further research into this vital topic. Comprised of 54 essays by leading scholars in philosophy, history, theology, religious studies, political science, education and sociology, *The Routledge Companion to Theism* promises to be the most useful, comprehensive resource on an emerging subject of interest for students and scholars.

**Conversations with René Girard** - René Girard 2020-05-14

French theorist René Girard was one of the major thinkers of the twentieth century. Read by international leaders, quoted by the French media, Girard influenced such writers as J.M. Coetzee and Milan Kundera. Dubbed "the new Darwin of the human sciences" and one of the most compelling thinkers of the age, Girard spent nearly four decades at Stanford exploring what it means to be human and making major contributions to philosophy, literary criticism, psychology and theology with his mimetic theory. This is the first collection of interviews with Girard, one that brings together discussions on Cervantes, Dostoevsky, and Proust alongside the causes of conflict and violence and the role of imitation in human behavior. Granting important insights into Girard's life and thought, these provocative and lively conversations underline Girard's place as leading public intellectual and profound theorist.

Eranos Yearbook 70: 2009/2010-2011 -

Eranos Foundation

The 70th volume of the Eranos Yearbooks presents the work of the

last three years of activities at the Eranos Foundation (2009–2011). It includes the papers given on the theme of the 2011 conference, *About Fragility in the Contemporary World*, together with talks given on the occasion of the seminar cycle entitled, *Eranos Jung Lectures*, which took place during the years 2010–2011 to commemorate the 50th anniversary of Carl Gustav Jung's passing. Eminent international scholars gathered to share their work, presented here primarily in English, along with some chapters in Italian. This publication carries additional special meaning in further consolidating the collaboration with the Fetzer Institute by presenting the manuscripts of the *Dialogues on the Power of Love*, held at Eranos between 2008 and 2011. This project follows the path of the original model of Eranos, especially the aspect of dialogue, searching for understanding and deepening crucial themes in the contemporary world. Contents: 2011 Eranos Conference: *About Fragility in the Contemporary World* 2008–2011 Fetzer Institute *Dialogues at Eranos – The Power of Love*: - *Love in the Esoteric Traditions* - *Love in the History of Eranos* - *Love and Beauty in the Visual Arts* - *Love and the Social Bond* - *Love and the Musical Arts* 2010–2011 Eranos-Jung Lectures The Greek word 'Eranos' means a 'banquet', to which every guest contributes. From 1933 onwards, the Eranos Conferences took shape in Ascona-Moscia (Switzerland), springing from the idea of Olga Fröbe-Kapteyn to create a 'Meeting Place of East and West'. Under the influence of the psychologist Carl Gustav Jung and other prominent leaders of that era, the Eranos Conferences found their way towards symbolical, archetypal, and mythological motifs. The Eranos



gathering is symbolized by its famous Round Table, the image and meaning of which inspired many of the leading thinkers of the 20th century. For more than 70 years, depth psychologists, philosophers, theologians, orientalist, historians of religions as well as natural scientists find at Eranos a unique place where they could meet and exchange views. The rich collection of Eranos Yearbooks bears testimony to an immense and original work accomplished in various fields of learning.

*Evolution and Conversion* - René Girard 2017-02-23

*Evolution and Conversion* explores the main tenets of René Girard's thought in a series of dialogues. Here, Girard reflects on the evolution of his thought and offers striking new insights on topics such as violence, religion, desire and literature. His long argument is a historical one in which the origin of culture and religion is reunited in the contemporary world by means of a reinterpretation of Christianity and an understanding of the intrinsically violent nature of human beings. He also offers provocative re-readings of Biblical and literary texts and responds to statements by Daniel Dennett and Richard Dawkins. Including an introduction by the authors, this is a revealing text by one of the most original thinkers of our time.

*Retrieving Origins and the Claim of Multiculturalism* - Antonio Lopez 2014-11-10

This book explores the philosophical, legal, and theological roots of Western multiculturalism, that is, the encounter and coexistence of different cultures within a liberal society. Rather than concerning themselves with the particulars of cultural dialogue, the authors of this volume go deeper and question

the very reality of "multiculturalism" itself. As a whole the volume devotes attention to the origins of human nature, arguing that regardless of how different another person or culture seems to be, universal human experience discloses what it means to be human and to relate to others and to God. The contributors represent different cultures and faith traditions but are united in friendship and in the conviction that the Christian faith enables an authentic approach to long-standing debates on multiculturalism. Contributors: Massimo Borghesi Francesco Botturi Marta Cartabia Carmine Di Martino Pierpaolo Donati Costantino Esposito Stanley Hauerwas Antonio Lopez Francisco Javier Martinez Fernandez John Milbank Javier Prades David L. Schindler Angelo Cardinal Scola Lorenza Violini Joseph H. H. Weiler *Come l'abisso* - Mariano Puglisi 2019-09-10

L'Autore ha pubblicato una riflessione sulla società contemporanea: sconcertante ma piena di speranza, feroce ma sincera; ha condiviso un pensiero sull'uomo dei nostri tempi: avvilente ma fiducioso, pessimista ma in un bicchiere mezzo pieno e, infine, ha raccontato una storia d'amore: insicura ma passionale, timorosa ma coraggiosa. Questo libro vuole provocare un risveglio delle coscienze; non mira a creare un sistema di conoscenze cristallizzate, una soluzione preconfezionata dalle citazioni letterarie e filosofiche, ma propone un discorso aperto in cui le voci dialoganti si alternano armoniosamente, suscitando nel lettore suggestioni soggettive e creando così impressioni emotive in costante tensione morale, volte a cercarsi uno spazio nel lettore per generare il "travaglio della coscienza" nella sensibilità

intellettiva. Dentro "Come l'abisso" si sprofonda in una dimensione che è una salutare ricognizione su dati di cultura che ambiscono a rivalutare il pensiero autonomo come fondamento di una vita che sia degna di essere vissuta, ed è anche una divertente, intrigante sarabanda di punti di vista talmente netti e personali da risultare felicemente spiazzanti.

Die Suche nach Wahrheit im Horizont fragmentarischer Existenzialität - Friederike D. Rass 2017-07-03

The quest for the one "Truth" in a pluralist society seems to have become as redundant as it is problematic - in much the same way that the idea of one "God" being the all-determining reality has. Yet we have not given up searching and the word "God" still continues to polarize, whether in society, theology or philosophy. In view of this seeming paradox, Friederike D. Rass seeks an alternative route that goes off the beaten track and beyond the temptation to resignedly retreat to relativist or fundamentalist positions. She argues that it is precisely the supposedly futile quest for a single "Truth" as well as the continuous questioning of the meaning of the word "God" that provide an essential guide to responsible action today.

*¿Atenas y Jerusalén? Política, filosofía y religión desde 1945* - Jorge del Palacio Martín 2022-02-17  
El presente volumen colectivo recoge las ideas sobre la relación entre filosofía, política y religión de pensadores capitales de la segunda mitad del siglo XX. Entre otros, Berlin, Arendt, Oakeshott, Aron, Hayek, Popper, Habermas, Taylor, Ratzinger, Strauss o Rawls. Los lectores encontrarán que el cuadro general que se desprende de su lectura no permite reducir su contenido a una idea fuerza o a una tesis general que unifiquen el libro.

Los autores tratados, provenientes de disciplinas distintas, con intereses temáticos y sensibilidades diversas, coinciden, sin embargo, en ofrecer una reconsideración teórica del papel de la religión en la sociedad y la política contemporáneas. Esta pluralidad de posiciones se presenta al lector como fruto de la indeterminación de las sociedades políticas occidentales respecto al problema de la religión. De esta forma, los clásicos contemporáneos que se visitan nos invitan a una discusión profunda y matizada, que servirá para intentar distinguir, de manera equilibrada, tanto los elementos donde religión y política han sido y son esferas enfrentadas, como aquellos donde el encuentro entre Atenas y Jerusalén produce una relación positiva.

*La persona e la danza dell'amore* - Francesco Piloni 2009-01-01

È sotto gli occhi di tutti che nella nostra società la persona umana si sente e si esprime nelle relazioni in maniera frammentata, oppure cerca di salvaguardare se stessa attraverso un'impostazione individualista e competitiva della vita. Chi desidera...

**Nihilism-In-Tension** - Martin Sebo 2017-09-19

One of the pastoral problems of religiosity in Slovakia today is that contemporary Christianity is pervaded by nihil-inclinations. Such inclinations manifest themselves in the loss of orientation and meaning, and a disinterest in Christianity, which has by and large remained on a doctrinal, moralistic, and ritual level without offering a constructive faith response to the 'signs of the times'. This dissertation argues that nihilism is not an entirely negative or morose concept that leaves behind a void or abyss without values, rendering this world meaningless. Nihilism as such is not an absolute

(demonizing) danger; rather, it is the failure to adequately engage it that constitutes the pro-nihilizing threat. My analysis of nihilism begins with Nietzsche. In analyzing his texts, I propose my own interpretation of his nihilism. Because of the tensive state of Nietzsche's nihilism, which on the one hand lacks a firm ground of higher values, and on the other, exhibits a recurring tendency to return to these values, I refer to this state as 'nihilism-in-tension'. I suggest that 'nihilism-in-tension' may be conceived as the condition of thought that bears some resemblance to divine kenosis. I argue that kenosis is an appropriate epistemological instrument to disclose the mechanism or unknown function working within 'nihilism-in-tension', and may be described through a transformative kenotic formula ('pro-kenotic-nihil'). To reveal this mechanism, I employ the experiential theory of the sublime as the vantage point from which to uncover the inner constituents of kenosis and 'nihilism-in-tension'. Here I argue that the event which imparts transformative meaning to 'nihilism-in-tension' is the radical imitation of the deepest Christian mystery exemplified in the kenotic life of Christ. This may be expressed in the following formula: nihil and its kenotic radicalization (maximization of nihilism) = annihilation of nihil (negation of nihilism). To apply this mechanism to ecclesial life, I introduce the nada of John of the Cross and the "weak thought" of Gianni Vattimo as two modalities, spiritual and philosophical, that can translate the postmodern condition of 'nihilism-in-tension' into a practical pursuit of wisdom and right relationship. The former transmutes the nihil of 'nihilism-in-tension' from nada to

todo, or from self-emptying to union with the divine. The latter transforms the nihil of 'nihilism-in-tension' through the philosophy of "weak thought," which calls for tentative and non-foundational modes of thought and a weakening of immutable structures. I demonstrate that nada and "weak thought" are appropriate instruments for "weakening" authoritarian church structures and reinterpreting (or rewriting) the tradition in kenotic, inclusive, and dialogical forms. This study demonstrates that the kenotic movement of the nihil of 'nihilism-in-tension' into the nihil of kenosis, or fructifying todo, is a potential pastoral instrument to address the problem of nihil-inclinations in the religious context of Slovakia. It attempts to give some orientation to the local Church by raising awareness of its kenotic origins, and offering its theological, spiritual, and philosophical apparatus to approach the problem.

*Desiderio, sacrificio, perdono* -  
Claudio Tarditi 2017-02-01

*Catastrofi generative* - Maria Stella Barberi 2009

La visione universale del mondo -  
Alessandro Giraudi 2019-07-25  
L'opera è una riflessione filosofica su tre temi fondamentali strettamente intrecciati: la realtà (il mondo reale), Dio e il divenire delle cose (problema quest'ultimo correlato alla questione del nichilismo). La tesi che l'autore intende dimostrare consiste nell'affermazione dell'esistenza di una visione universale della realtà e di Dio che è condivisa da tutte le coscienze umane, a prescindere dalla loro collocazione geografica e storica: dunque una visione che è universale sia nello spazio che nel tempo.

Aut aut 347 - WEB 2.0. Un nuovo racconto e i suoi dispositivi - AA.VV. 2011-06-15

Questo numero della rivista "Aut aut" presenta gli articoli di: Carlo Formenti, Geert Lovink, Mathieu O'Neil, Stefano Rodotà, Stefano Cristante, Nello Barile.

**How Christianity Made the Modern World, How The Bible Inspired Liberty**

- Paul Backholer 2018-01-24

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